







16 years





#### Our new offices





# Johannesburg



#### Assets under administration



2015 £1.7bn 2014 £1.325bn 1998 Inception

#### Outsourcing solutions growth









DELMORE







#### Compliance and regulations



7







Being 16

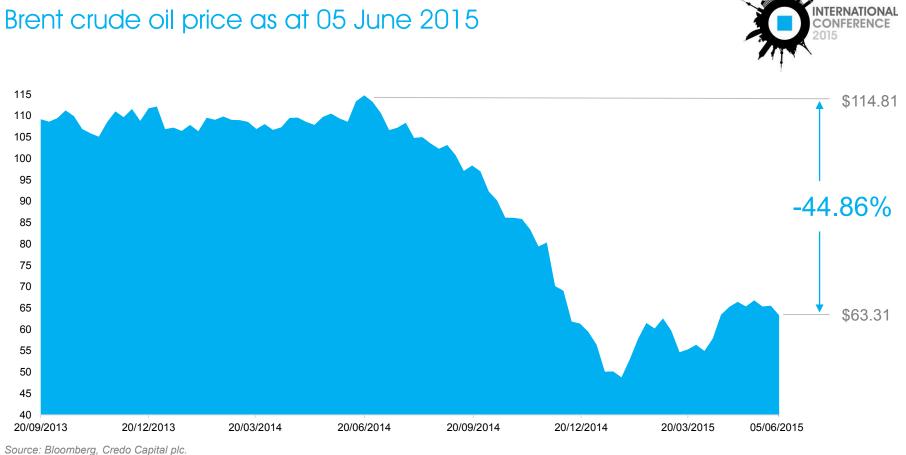


# The best substitute for experience is being









#### Simple economics

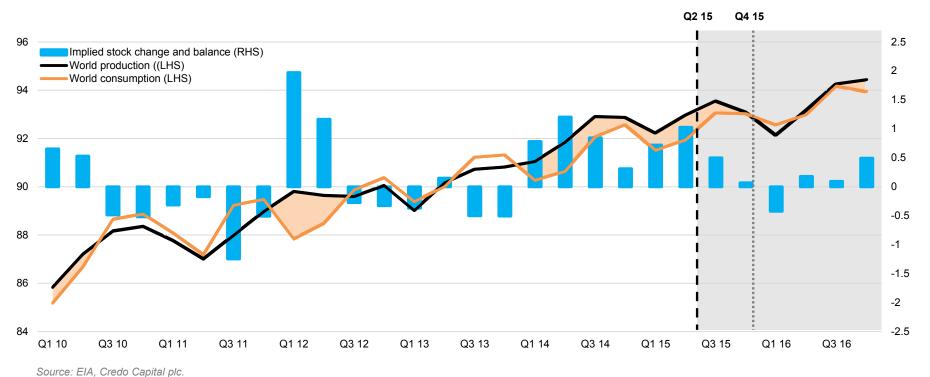


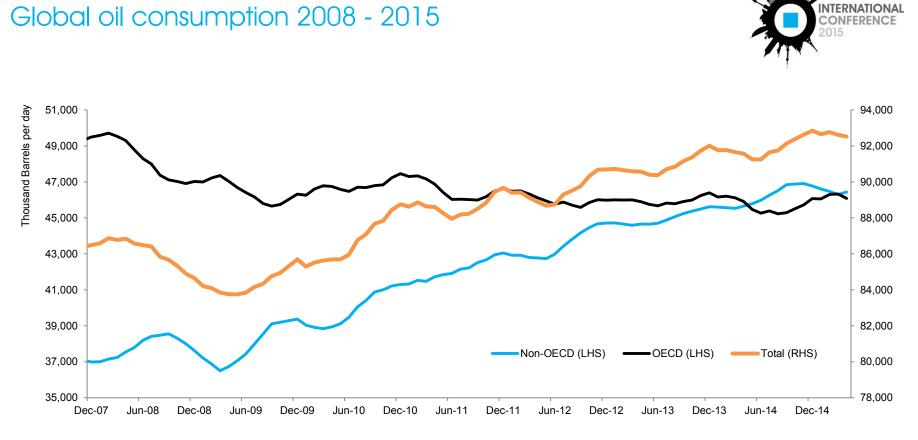


Source: dabsandjabs.

# World liquid fuels production and consumption balance (millions barrels per day)







Source: Credo, Datastream, Energy Information Administration (EIA).

OECD - Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

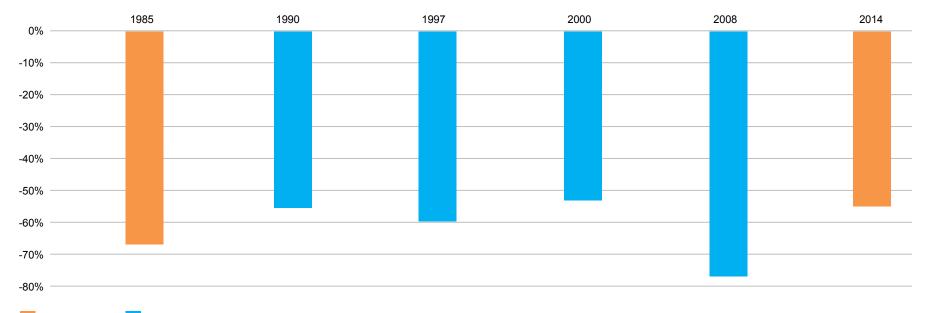




# The World Bank lowered 2015 global growth forecast to 3% versus previous 3.4% and regarding commodities, continued demand weakness in China is cited as key.

# Will the oil plunge mirror the mid-80s' supply shock?





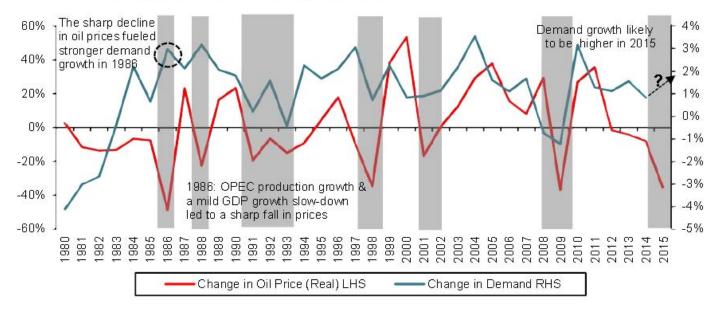
Supply Shock Demand Shock

Source: Haver, Bloomberg, Guggenheim Investments. Data as of 08/01/2015.

#### Demand growth



### Current oil price drop is very similar to 1986's, which was driven by over-supply instead of economy recession; oil demand growth is likely to be higher in 2015 driven by lower oil price



Source: BP statistical review, IMF, Bernstein analysis and estimates.





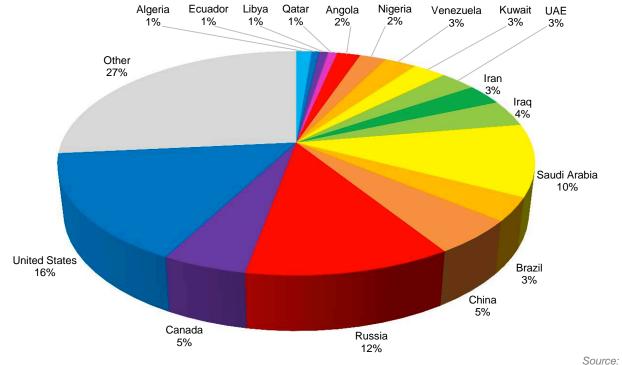
Autotrader.com said interest in Hummer H1s on its site rose 11 percent last month (November), making it the fastest-growing older model among all vehicles.

"SUVs and trucks powered U.S. auto sales to a 4.6% gain last month (April), with several automakers reporting their strongest April sales ever." *(autonews.com)* 



#### The supply side of the equation Global oil supply as at Q4 14

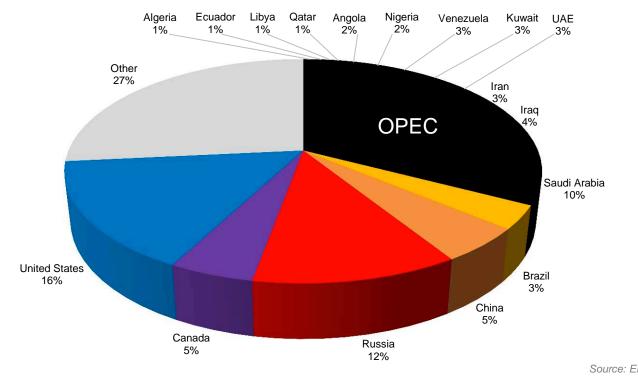




Source: EIA, Credo Capital plc.

#### The supply side of the equation Global oil supply as at Q4 14





Source: EIA, Credo Capital plc.

# OPEC meeting - 27 Nov 2014



Saudi Arabia - No longer turning off the taps.







# **Official Line**

To protect market share.

#### What we think

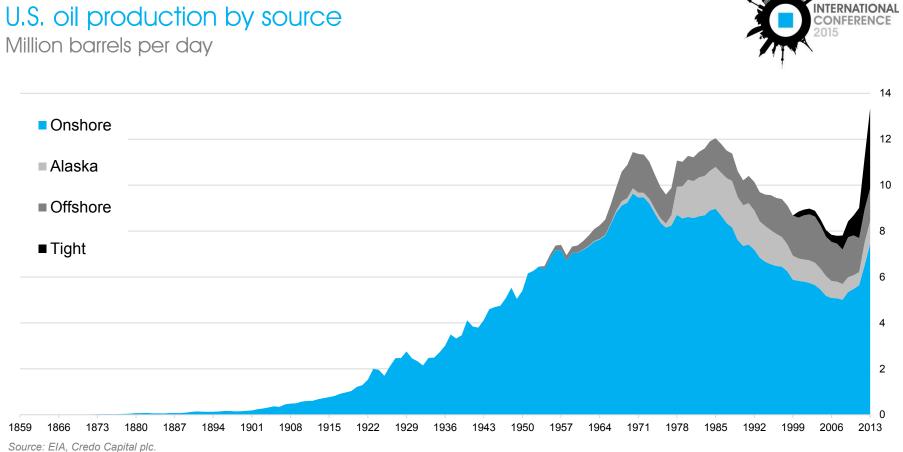
Knock out the biggest threat to their global oil supply domination - shale gas industry of the USA.

# A duel in the oil patch





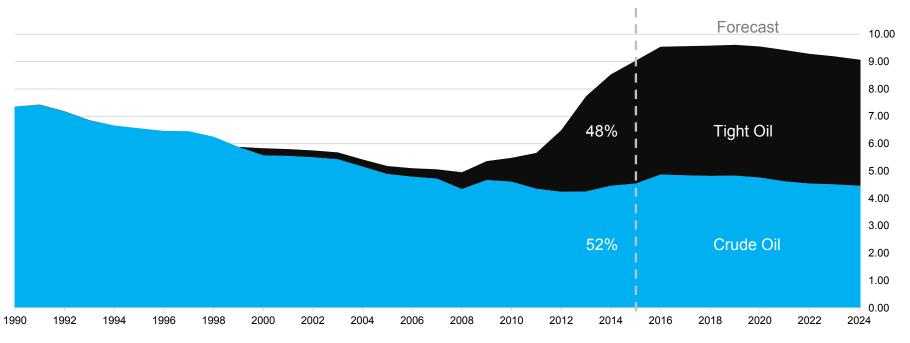




#### 

#### Crude oil production vs. tight oil production Millions barrels per day

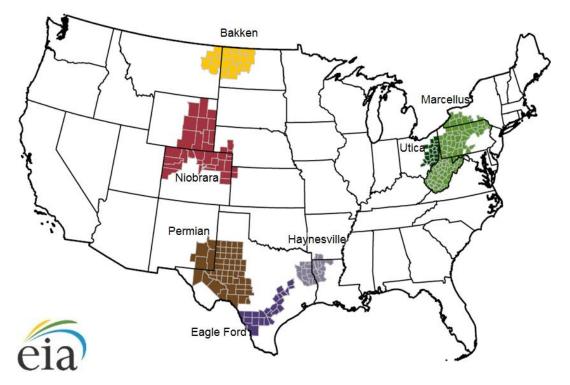




Source: EIA, Credo Capital plc.

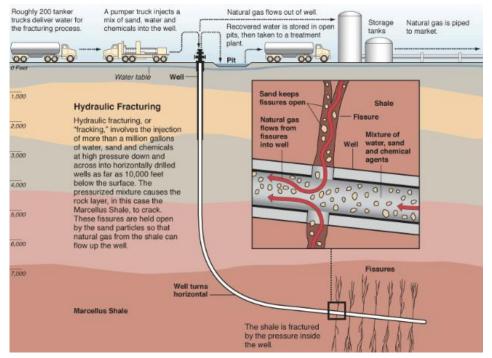
#### Largest US shale formations





#### How does it work?





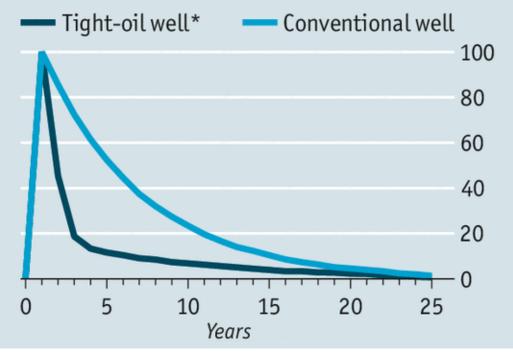
Source: ProPublica.

#### The shale model



Quick hit v slow burn

Typical production curves

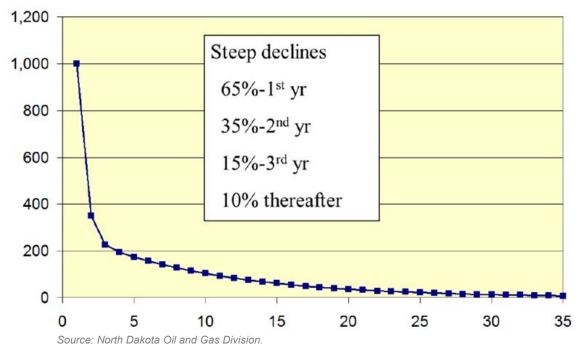


Source: International Energy Agency. (\*) Including shale.

#### High depletion rates

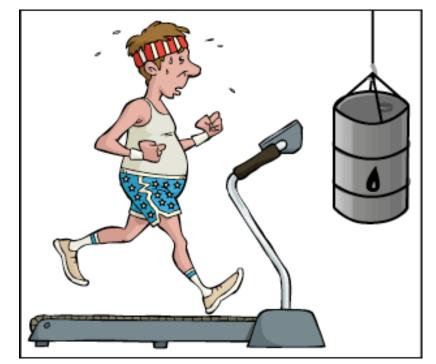


#### **Typical Bakken/Three Forks Performance**



# The shale oil drilling treadmill

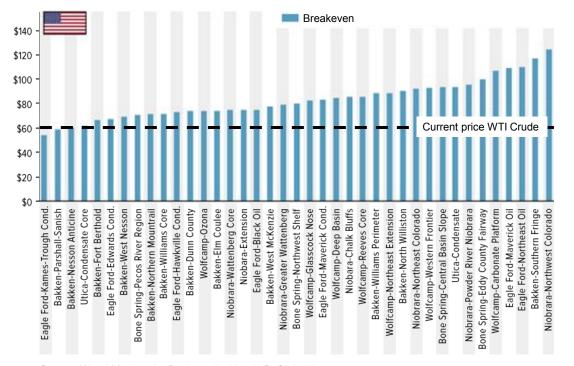




Source: usfunds.com.

#### Estimate of breakeven points for keys U.S. shale plays





Source: Wood Mackenzie, Business Insider, U.S. Global Investors.

#### "OPEC is a toothless tiger" - Harold Hamm





# Hedging - Even the smartest can get it wrong



#### November 2014

- Continental cashed in financial hedges running through 2015 and 2016
- Realized \$433m, WTI \$70 at the time

#### December 2014

- Company cuts capital budget from \$5.2bn to \$2.7bn (almost 50%)
- Lowered production growth from 23% 29% to 16% 20%

#### Shale industry funding sources

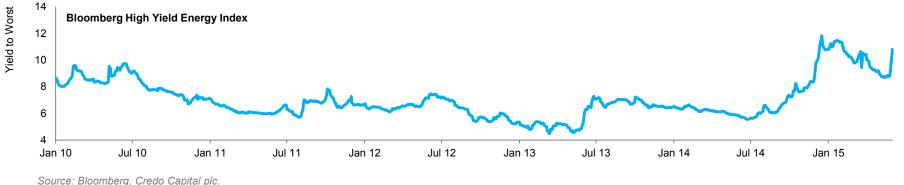


- Internally generated cash-flows
- Equity most stocks are down over 40%, highly dilutive, rock bottom valuations
- Asset Sales bid/offer spread very wide, likely to only be distressed sales
- External debt the cheap money

#### The cheap money is gone



- \$650bn of high yield debt issued since 2011
- Oil and Gas the single largest sector for high yield origination in the past four years ~11% of all global HY issuances
- Almost 45% of new issuances in 2014
- Q2/Q3 2015, first bout of significant refinancing. Casualties so far: Saratoga Resources, Samson Resources, WHB Energy, Dune Energy and Quicksilver Resources.



What next?



#### Consolidation and M&A activity

opportunistic buying from larger players, with strong balance sheets and strong economies of scale

#### Capex reductions of between 20% - 50%

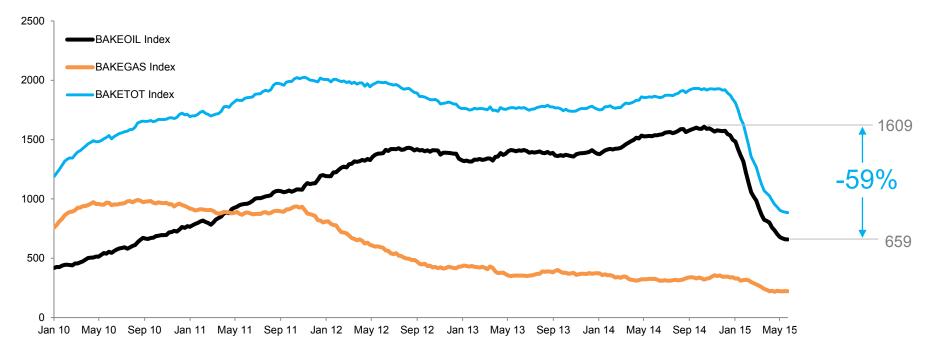
capital preservation mode, maximize debt coverage and ensure debt covenants remain intact

#### Further technical efficiencies

multi-well pad drilling, reduced drilling times

#### Baker Hughes US total rig count



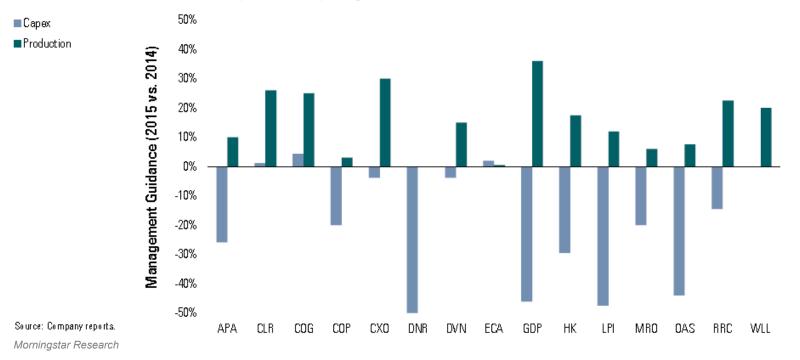


Source: Bloomberg, Credo Capital plc.

### Reduction in capex will not effect 2015 production

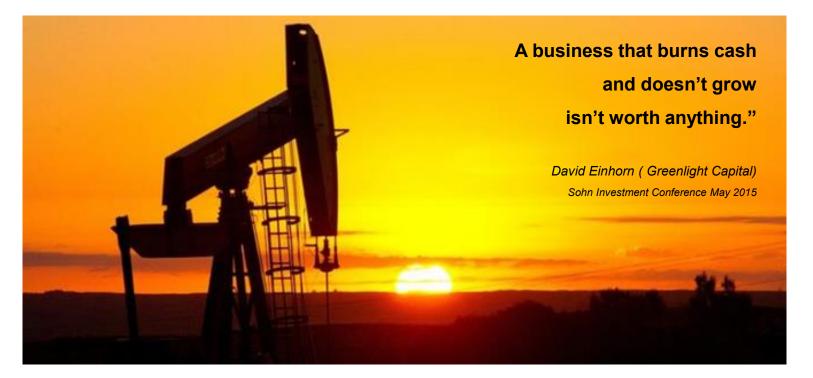


Robust Growth Guidance From U.S. E&Ps Despite Reduced Spending Plans



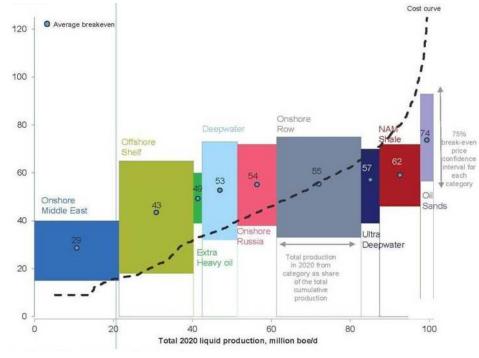
### Is the sun setting on the shale boom?





### But... Shale will not be the only casualty Global liquid supply cost curve (USD/bbl)





Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis.

# Significant rationalisation and M&A activity in the oil Industry



- ConocoPhillips to cut capital spending by 20% to \$13.5bn
- BP \$1bn in restructuring charges over the coming year and the loss of several thousand jobs
- Schlumberger to cut 9,000 jobs
- BHP to cut oil exploration by 20% to US\$600m in 2015, reduce rigs in the onshore US business by approximately 40% (16 from 26)
- Lukoil \$2bn capex cut, and jobs to go

Great opportunity for large players to restructure their portfolios and buy cheap quality assets

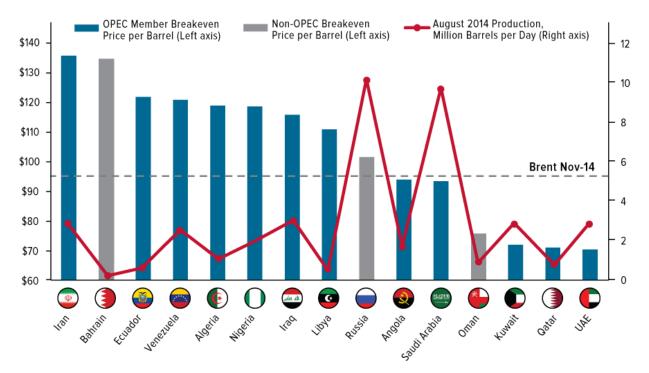
### The politics of oil





### Producer country budget breakeven prices





Source: DB Emerging Markets Research, Reuters, IEA, Deutsche Bank, U.S. Global Investors.

### Potential OPEC supply disruptions

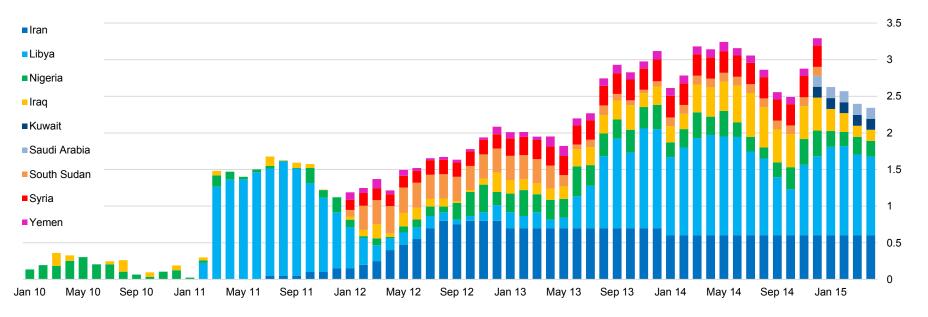




# Estimated historical unplanned OPEC and Non-OPEC crude oil production outages



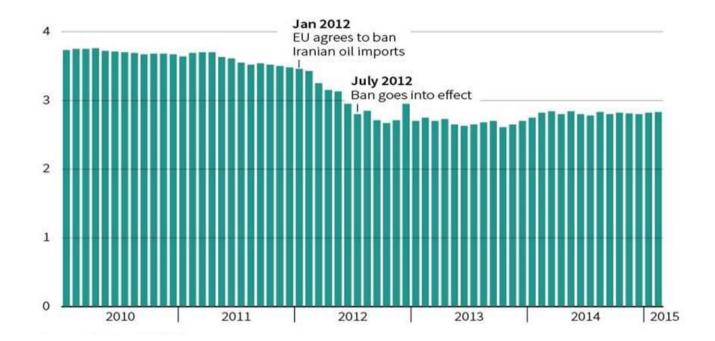
Millions barrels per day



# Iran's crude oil production

Millions barrels per day





Source: Reuters OPEC Survey.

### Predicting future oil prices is a mugs game



"Oil above \$100? Never again"

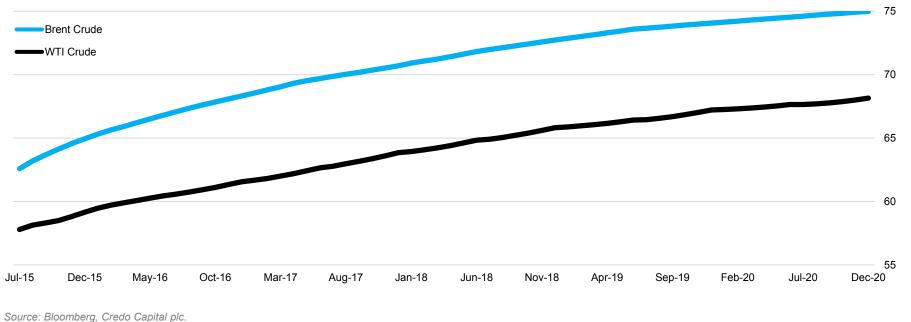
Saudi billionare Prince Alwaleed bin Talal January 2015







### 5 year forward futures curve



### Here is what we do know



- This is not a demand led shock
- Non-conventional supply is unsustainable at these prices, and production will decline, but will only be seen in Q4 2015 and beyond
- Significant portions of conventional supply is unsustainable at these prices, and production output will decline as capex is cut
- Most OPEC and major oil export driven economies (Russia, Norway) are unable to balance their fiscal budgets at current pricing
- Incentives to invest in alternative energy projects will slow

### Here is what we don't know



- Will global demand strengthen or weaken?
- If this turns into a demand led shock, then all bets are off!
- Will Non-OPEC supply increase by less than expected?
- Will OPEC cut production?
- Will there be supply disruptions triggered by geopolitical instability?
- Will capex reductions today lead to a longer term supply shortage?



- Oil prices will remain volatile for most of this year
- During 2016, the combination of firming demand and an erosion in U.S. shale output should stabilize the market, allowing prices to continue to recover
- And the rebound will come sooner if OPEC supply is reduced

How do we take advantage of this



- Take a long term view
- Take a diversified approach, buy a basket of stocks
- Scale in your investments
- Buy market leaders
- Stocks to consider: BP, Statoil, Halliburton, TGS Nopec, Core Labs, Tullow Oil

The end















# The folly of forecasting - 1



Tweet				
Tom Orlik @TomOrlik				
So pretty much everything then M economic forecasters got wrong in rates, inflation and unemployment	n 201			
2014/12/31, 11:50 PM				
8 RETWEETS 3 FAVORITES	•	17	*	

### The folly of forecasting - 2





### Here Are 5 Things Wall Street Doesn't Expect To Happen That Really Could Happen



Below are the top five potential outcomes that could surprise investors in 2015.

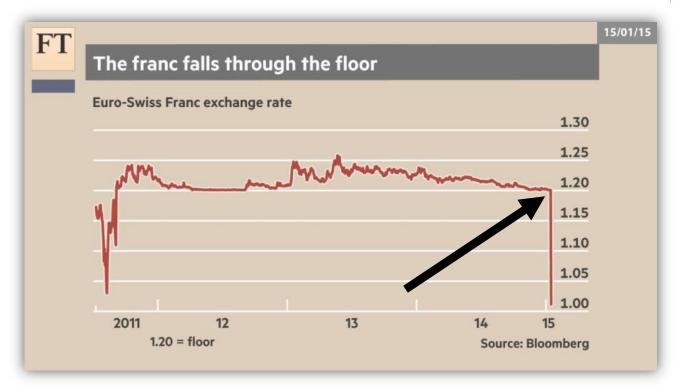
### Top five surprises for 2015:

- 1. China's growth accelerates
- 2. The Federal Reserve doesn't raise interest rates
- 3. Europe implements aggressive stimulus
- 4. The dollar falls
- 5. Stock market volatility surges

These are not necessarily surprises we expect to happen in 2015, but ones we want to be mindful of given that market participants in general seem unprepared for them and that such situations could prompt a dramatic reaction if they occur.

### **ONE** week later...





The folly of forecasting - 3



Market pundits:

People who profess to have knowledge about things that can't be known.

Combines the skill of an actor, the ridiculousness of a comedian, the believability of priests & the credibility of politicians.

Motley Fool

# Speaking of the ridiculousness of a comedian...





Joseph Weisenthal

🗘 😟 Follow

Yesterday's Swiss Franc move was a oncein-a-billion year vent. bloombergview.com/articles/2015-...

BV Bloomberg View

No One Was Supposed to Lose This Much Money on Swiss Francs By Bloomberg View @BV

It's kind of cheap to make fun of VaR and margins after a 20-sigma move, but here we are.

View on web

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8:45 PM - 16 Jan 2015

### So we should be "safe" until approximately 1000002015 then?

### An eventful year Last 12 months: key headlines





### An eventful year Last 12 months: key headlines



US Federal Reserve ends QE stimulus programme BBC, 29 Oct 2014	Japan's central bank shocks markets with more easing as inflation slows Reuters, 31 Oct 2014		
ECB unleashes €400bn lending programme and negative interest rates The Guardian, 05 Jun 2014 Oil Falls to Lingering 5-Year Low as Supply Glu Bioomberg.	growth	Frigid winter tak GDP contracts fo years	Reuters, 21 Nov 2014 es toll as US
Ukraine: Putin approves draft bill for Russia to annex Crimea The Guerdian, 18 Mar 2014 MH17 Malaysia plane crash in Ukraine BBC, 17 Jul 2014	ECB ond yields fall India's p historic	e heads for longest le s move to new record lows Frefacts, November 24 pro-business Modi election win	Reuters. September 5 WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK Global Growth Disappoints, Pace of Recovery Uneven and Country-Specific
Patients' Symptoms Raise Concern About Ebola in New Yor NY Times, 04 Aug 2 Source: Deutsche Bank.		referendum v	

### Noise: A perfect example?



Japan's central bank shocks markets US Federal Reserve ends QE stimulus with more easing as inflation slows programme BBC, 29 Oct 2014 Reuters, 31 Oct 2014 China cuts interest rates to spur ECB unleashes €400bn lending growth Reuters, 21 Nov 2014 programme and negative interest rates The Guardian, 05 Jun 2014 Frigid winter takes toll as US Oil Falls to 5-Year Low as Supply Glut Seen GDP contracts for first time in 3 Lingering Bioomberg, 30 Dec 2014 years Reuters, 29 May 2014 Falling inflation a worry for Europe but Euro heads for longest losing streak after also the world Reuters, 23 Nov 2014 ECB's move Reuters Sentember 5 WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK Euro bond yields fall to new record lows **Global Growth** S&P closes at 46th new high for this year **Disappoints**, Pace of Ukraine: Putin approves draft bill for **Recovery Uneven and Country-Specific** Russia to annex Crimea The Guardian, 18 Mar 2014 IMF, 7 Oct 2014 India's pro-business Modi storms to MH17 Malaysia plane crash in Ukraine historic election win Reuters, 16 May 2014 Scottish independence: 'No' leads Patients' Symptoms Raise Concern About Ebola in New York referendum vote BBC, 19 Sep 2014 NY Times, 04 Aug 2014 Source: Deutsche Bank.

### Noise: A perfect example?



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14 October 2014

### Ebola is a greater clear and present threat to America than any terror group - so why is Obama spending billions bombing ISIS but only millions blitzing the virus?

By PIERS MORGAN FOR MAILONLINE

I'm always sceptical when I hear scare-mongering claims about diseases.

From bird flu to SARS, we're repeatedly told it's going to be the new Plague that will wipe everyone out and then...it doesn't. Probably because the scare-mongering itself makes people take it seriously enough to prevent it spreading.

But there is something very sinister and frightening about this Ebola outbreak, which has so far infected 7,100 and killed 3,300.



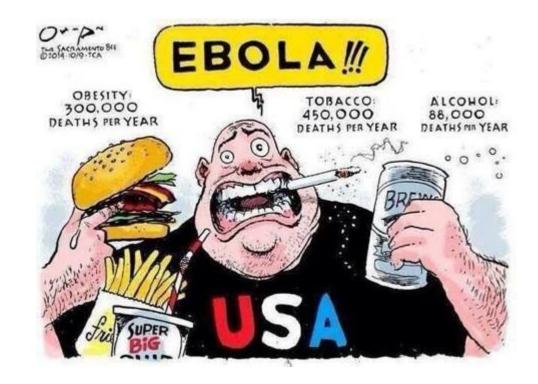
**PIERS MORGAN** 

The Ebola outbreak has currently killed at least 3,300 people, and infected 7,100

Ebola

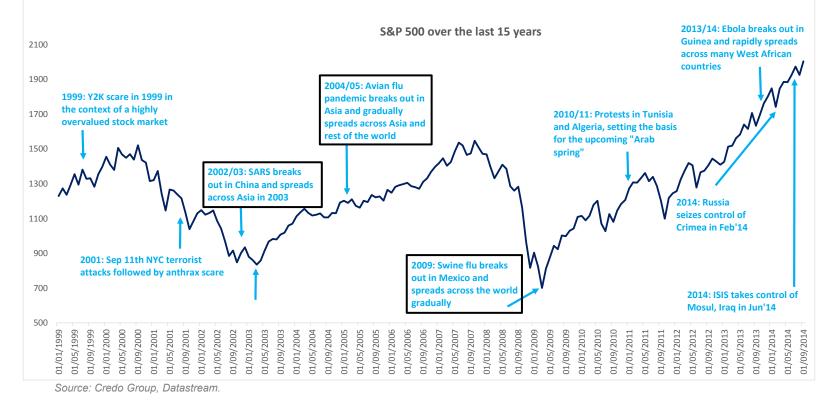


### another case of "misplaced" perception of risk?



# Pandemics in the past

typically shrugged off by markets pretty quickly



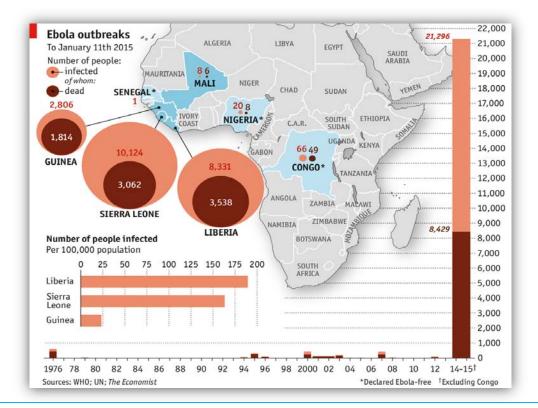
INTERNATIONAL

CONFERENCE

### Ebola update

the human aspect is not noise...





Generally best to ignore the noise...





# "The market is fond of making mountains out of molehills & exaggerating ordinary vicissitudes into major setbacks."

Benjamin Graham



"Going back to 1957, the S&P 500's average daily gain is 0.0255%. Roughly speaking, that means for every \$39 you have in the stock market, you make an average of one penny in capital gains each trading day.

Yet the average daily swing is about 40 cents. This means that you're seeing 40 times the volatility of the value that's actually being created, each day.

### That's more than 97% noise."

Eddy Elfenbein, Oct. 2014

### What about the end of QE?



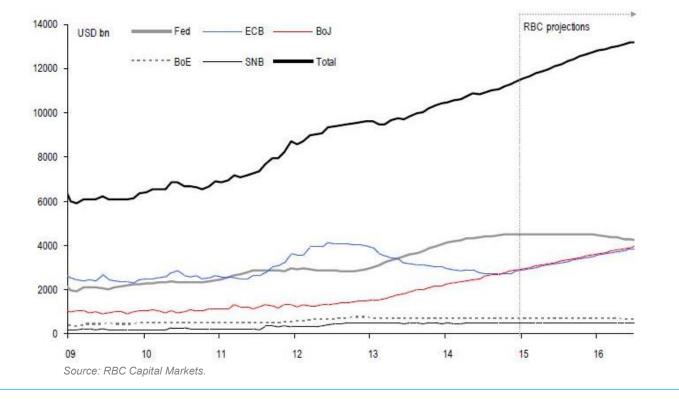
IMF, 7 Oct 2014

BBC, 19 Sep 2014

US Federal Reserve ends QE stimulus Japan's central bank shocks markets with more easing as inflation slows programme BBC, 29 Oct 2014 Reuters, 31 Oct 2014 China cuts interest rates to spur ECB unleashes €400bn lending growth Reuters, 21 Nov 2014 programme and negative interest rates The Guardian, 05 Jun 2014 Frigid winter takes toll as US Oil Falls to 5-Year Low as Supply Glut Seen GDP contracts for first time in 3 Lingering Bioomberg, 30 Dec 2014 years Reuters, 29 May 2014 Falling inflation a worry for Europe but Euro heads for longest losing streak after also the world Reuters, 23 Nov 2014 ECB's move Reuters Sentember 5 WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK Euro bond yields fall to new record lows **Global Growth** S&P closes at 46th new high for this year **Disappoints**, Pace of Ukraine: Putin approves draft bill for **Recovery Uneven and Country-Specific** Russia to annex Crimea The Guardian, 18 Mar 2014 India's pro-business Modi storms to MH17 Malaysia plane crash in Ukraine historic election win Reuters, 16 May 2014 BBC, 17 Jul 2014 Scottish independence: 'No' leads Patients' Symptoms Raise Concern About Ebola in New York referendum vote NY Times, 04 Aug 2014 Source: Deutsche Bank.

### Or perhaps not... (not yet, anyway)





### More alphabet soup







Eddy Elfenbein @EddyElfenbein

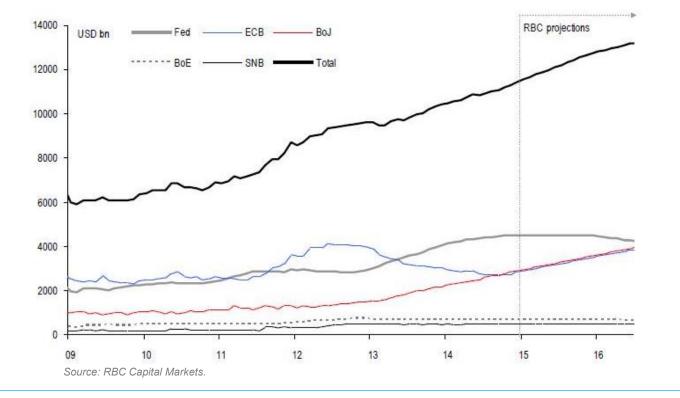
# ECJ OK'd the ECB's QE and OMT

15/01/2015 04:24

WTF? (Whaddabout The Fed?) LOL! (Lower Oil for Longer!)

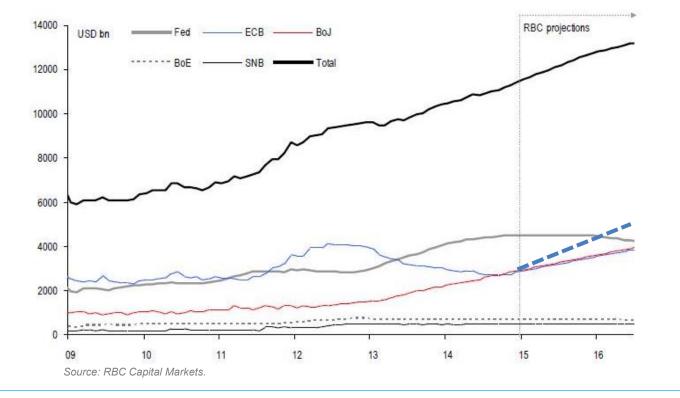
### More alphabet soup





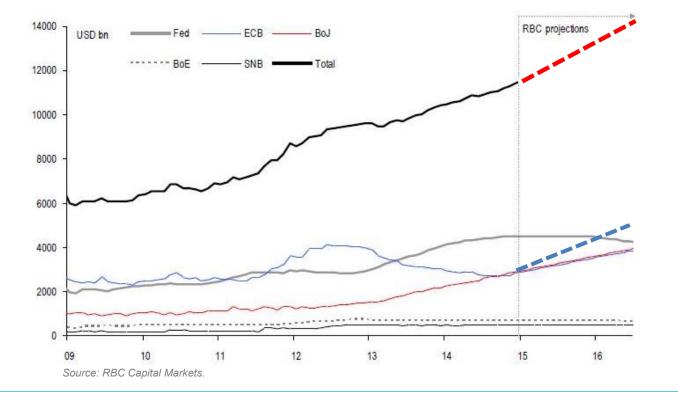
# More alphabet soup





# More alphabet soup





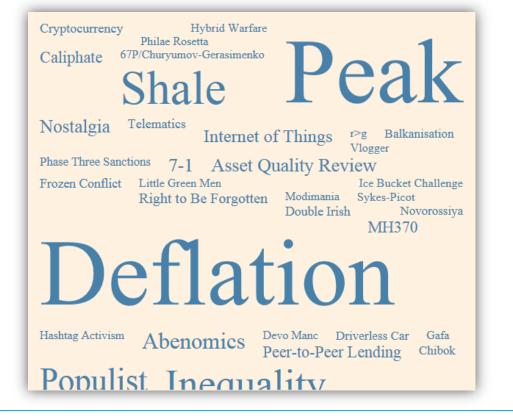
# The elephant in the room

European deflation...



US Federal Reserve ends QE stimulus Japan's central bank shocks markets with more easing as inflation slows programme BBC, 29 Oct 2014 Reuters, 31 Oct 2014 China cuts interest rates to spur ECB unleashes €400bn lending growth Reuters, 21 Nov 2014 programme and negative interest rates The Guardian, 05 Jun 2014 Frigid winter takes toll as US Oil Falls to 5-Year Low as Supply Glut Seen GDP contracts for first time in 3 Lingering Bioomberg, 30 Dec 2014 years Reuters, 29 May 2014 Falling inflation a worry for Europe but Euro heads for longest losing streak after also the world Reuters, 23 Nov 2014 ECB's move Reuters Sentember 5 WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK Euro bond yields fall to new record lows **Global Growth** S&P closes at 46th new high for this year **Disappoints**, Pace of Ukraine: Putin approves draft bill for **Recovery Uneven and Country-Specific** Russia to annex Crimea The Guardian, 18 Mar 2014 IMF, 7 Oct 2014 India's pro-business Modi storms to MH17 Malaysia plane crash in Ukraine historic election win Reuters, 16 May 2014 BBC, 17 Jul 2014 Scottish independence: 'No' leads Patients' Symptoms Raise Concern About Ebola in New York referendum vote BBC, 19 Sep 2014 NY Times, 04 Aug 2014 Source: Deutsche Bank.

#### A year in a word 2014 Financial Times

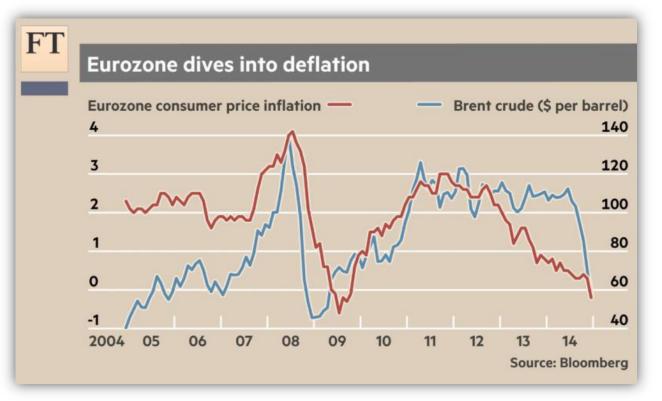




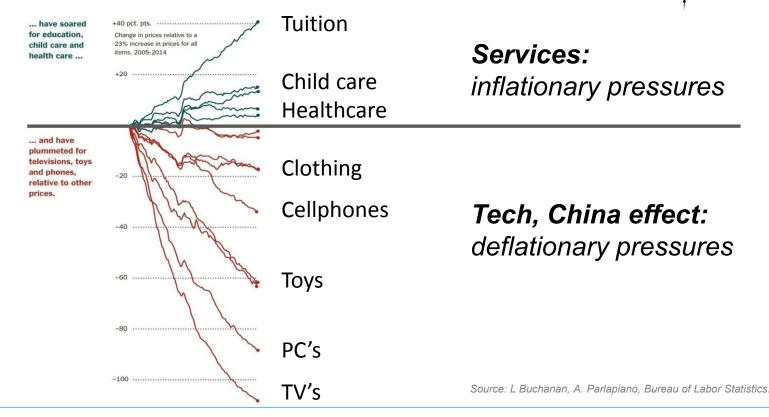
# Deflationary effect of oil price (Europe)

but note: the trend was already in place before...





#### Costs for Americans relative to overall 23% increase, 2005-2014

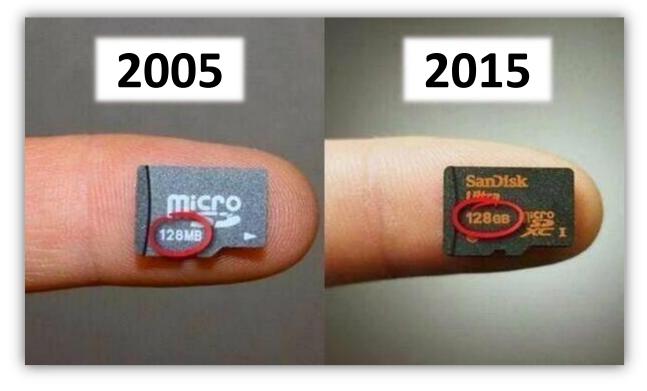


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Moore's law "good" deflation!





#### More good deflation some "reality check" questions



Situation	Response?
Food prices drop	Will people stop eating?
Petrol price drops	Will people stop driving?
Handle on frying pan falls off	Purchase later as it might get cheaper?
Computers / electronic devices getting cheaper	Delay purchasing as long as prices decline?
Medical expenses drop	How long can you delay treatment?
Child's birthday next week	Delay present as toys are getting cheaper?
Lease is up, you have to move	Can you wait 6 mths for a better rent?

Good deflation vs bad deflation utilising the wonders of Economics 101



# Good deflation: fall in prices

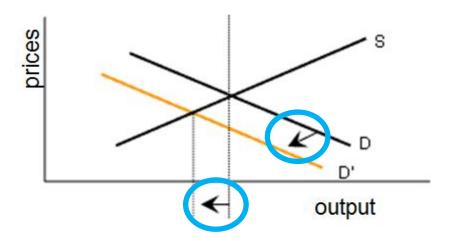
S'

D

output

prices





# Good deflation vs bad deflation



summarised



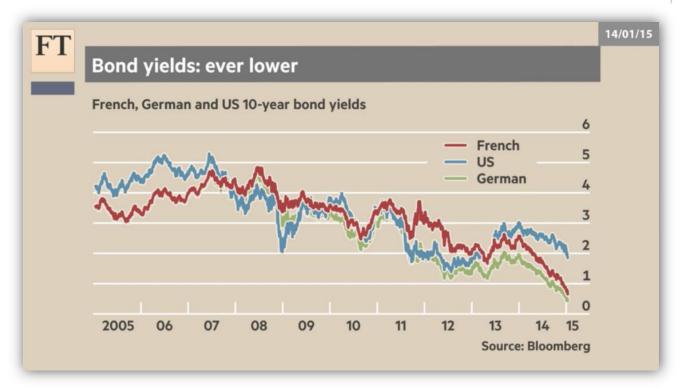
# Rumours of Europe's demise overstated?





#### Various forms of QE in response to deflation risk driving bond yields lower





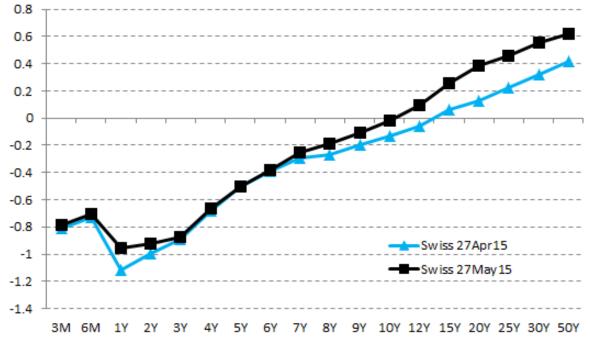
# Followed by Bund sell-off...





#### Switzerland: an extreme example of low rates all bond yields to 10 years (still) negative

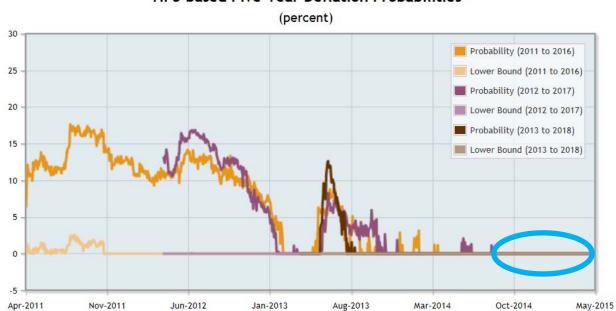




Source: Credo, Bloomberg

## Longer term view high inflation ultimately more likely than any sustained deflation?





#### **TIPS-based Five-Year Deflation Probabilities**

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta.





# "Each success only buys an admission ticket to a more difficult problem..."

Henry Kissinger, 1979





# Grexit?



Member states 🔶	GDP 2014 millions of \$ euro	Population in millions <sup>[4]</sup> \$			
European Union	13,920,541	507.4			
Germany	2,903,790	80.8			
France	2,132,449	65.9			
Italy	1,616,048	60.8			
Spain	1,058,469	46.5			
Netherlands	653,476	16.8			
Sweden	430,258	9.6			
Poland	413,133	38.5			
Belgium	402,027	11.2			
Austria	328,886	8.5			
Finland	204,015	5.5			
Ireland	185.412	4.6			
Greece	179,081	11.0			
Portugal	174,384	10.4			

#### To put it in perspective: German foreign trade (monthly, EUR bn)





Source: Statistiches Bundesamt

# What does this mean for markets?

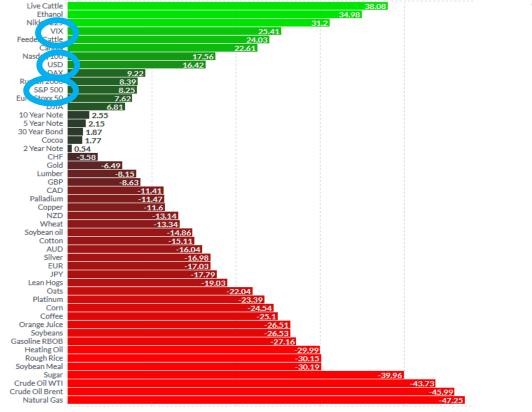
given that assets are not particularly cheap to start with...



US Federal Reserve ends QE stimulus programme BBC. 29 Oct 2014	Japan's central bank shocks markets with more easing as inflation slows Reuters, 31 Oct 2014							
ECB unleashes €400bn lending programme and negative interest rates The Guardian, 05 Jun 2014	China cuts interest rates to spu growth Reuters, 21 Nov 20	314						
Oil Falls to 5-Year Low as Supply Gli Lingering	g. 30 Dec 2014							
Falling inflation a worry for Europe but also the world Reuters, 23 Nov 2014	ECB's move Reuters	eak after September 5 DNOMIC OUTLOOK						
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BBC, 17 Jul 2014 Patients' Symptoms Raise Concern About Ebola in New You NY Times, 04 Aug 2 Source: Deutsche Bank.	referendum vote	BBC, 19 Sep 2014						

# Market returns (12 months to 9 June 2015)



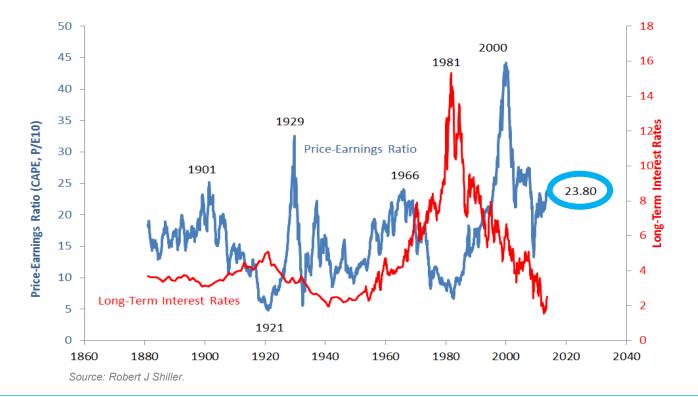


Source: FinViz.com

# Remember CAPE?

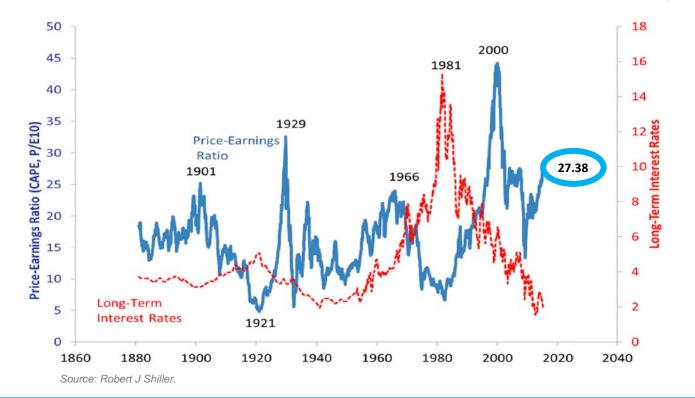
as shown at previous Credo Conference





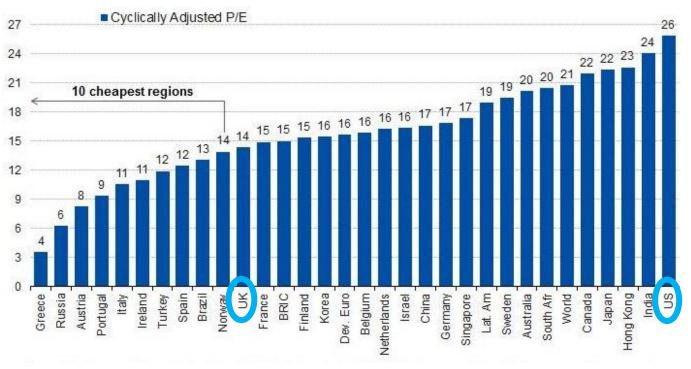
# Cyclically adjusted PE ratio updated





# Global equity valuations





Source: Credit Lyonnais Securities Asia, FactSet Franklin Templeton Investments.

# Starting CAPE vs **REAL** returns of 15 following years (p.a.)

	CAP	E		0 - 8			8 - 12		(	12 - 16			16 - 20	)		20 - 24	1	C	24 - 28		1	28 - 32	2
	Ø #	Start	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%	min 25%	Med	max 75%
Australia	16,5 225	1979	11% 12%	11,9%	12% 12%	8% 10%	10,1%	12% 11%	6% 7%	8,2%	12% 9%	4% 5%	5,7%	8% 6%	4% 5%	5,4%	6% 5%	3% 3%	3,2%	3% 3%			
Belgium	14,7 225	1979	15% 16%	16,9%	18% 17%	13% 14%	17,1%	18% 18%	0% 3%	9,4%	17% 11%	0% 2%	7,9%	13% 10%	0% 1%	5,5%	9% 6%	0% 0%	0,0%	0% 0%	-1% -1%	-1,0%	-1% -1%
Canada	19,6 225	1979	9% 9%	9,4%	11% 10%	5% 7%	8,0%	11% 9%	2% 6%	7,0%	11% 9%	4% 7%	8,9%	11% 11%	6% 8%	8,1%	9% 8%	6% 6%	6,4%	8% 7%	4% 5%	5,1%	6% 5%
France	19,9 204	<mark>1981</mark>	13% 13%	14,0%	16% 15%	13% 14%	14,1%	16% 15%	6% 14%	15,2%	16% 16%	3% 6%	7,3%	15% 9%	2% 5%	6,3%	13% 7%	2% 3%	6,6%	11% 9%	2% 3%	6,1%	9% 8%
Germany	18,2 225	<mark>19</mark> 79	13% 13%	13,1%	14% 14%	6% 9%	11,2%	13% 12%	4% 6%	8,6%	14% 12%	2% 5%	5,9%	11% 7%	3% 4%	5,6%	10% 6%	3% 4%	3,7%	7% 4%	2% 3%	3,1%	3% 3%
Hong Kong	18,6 95	1990				9% 9%	9,9%	11% 10%	7% 8%	9,1%	10% 10%	4% 6%	7,0%	10% 9%	3% 5%	5,9%	10% 7%	1% 2%	2,0%	4% 4%	1% 1%	0,7%	1% 1%
Italy	23,0 53	1994										1% 3%	3,1%	4% 4%	0% 0%	1,0%	3% 2%	-1% -1%	-0,5%	0% 0%	-1% -1%	-1,1%	-1% -1%
Japan	39,2 225	1979							7% 7%	6,8%	7% 7%	6% 7%	7,2%	8% 8%	5% 5%	5,7%	7% 6%	3% 3%	3,6%	5% 4%	-2% 2%	2,9%	4% 4%
Netherlands	12,4 225	1979	14% 15%	16,4%	21% 18%	7% 8%	10,0%	16% 15%	2% 5%	5,6%	10% 7%	2% 3%	<mark>4,</mark> 2%	5% 5%	2% 2%	1,7%	2% 2%	0% 1%	0,8%	1% 1%	0% 0%	0,4%	1% 1%
Norway	14,4 225	1979	12% 13%	13,4%	14% 14%	3% 6%	9,4%	14% 11%	3% 6%	6,8%	12% 8%	1% 4%	5,4%	8% 7%	5% 6%	6,3%	7% 7%	4% 5%	5,0%	6% 5%	4% 4%	4,4%	4% 4%
Singapore	22,4 189	1982				7% 8%	7,7%	9% 8%	6% 7%	7,4%	8% 8%	3% 5%	5,2%	8% 7%	2% 3%	4,1%	8% 7%	2% 3%	4,5%	8% 6%	-1% 2%	2,7%	4% 3%
Spain	16,9 104	1990				10% 12%	12,5%	15% 14%	6% 8%	9,9%	13% 11%	4% 5%	7,6%	9% 9%	1% 2%	2,6%	3% 3%	2% 2%	2,1%	3% 2%	1% 1%	1,5%	2% 2%
Switzerland	18,8 225	1979	8% 11%	12,2%	16% 14%	8% 10%	14,3%	16% 15%	9% 10%	11,9%	14% 13%	7% 9%	9,6%	13% 11%	4% 6%	6,7%	8% 7%	4% 5%	5,1%	6% 6%	4% 4%	4,0%	4% 4%
UK	15,3 225	1979	11% 12%	12,3%	14% 13%	11% 12%	12,6%	14% 13%	49 69	7,2%	1%	2% 3%	4,2%	7% 5%	2% 2%	2,3%	3% 2%	2% 2%	1,8%	2% 2%			
S&P 500	16,5 1.41	3 1881	6% 8%	10,1%	15% 13%	1% 8%	10,2%	16% 13%	1% 4%	6,8%	13% 9%	-2% 3%	5,4%	11% 7%	-2% 0%	2,0%	8% 4%	02	3,0%	% %	0% 0%	2,3%	3% 3%
All Countries	17,5 4.08	3 1881	6% 11%	13,1%	21% 15%	1% 8%	10,6%	18% 13%	0% 6%	7,5%	17% 10%	-2% 4%	5,9%	15% 8%	-2% 2%	4,2%	13% 6%	-1% 3%	4,2%	11% 6%	-2% 1%	2,8%	9% 4%

Source: Norbert Keimling.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

#### The bottom line investment portfolios & deflation risk



- Consider equities/markets in terms of underlying deflationary impact : good/bad?
- Look for value, don't overpay (same as ever)
- Bonds < 5 years (+/-): credit risk the most important</p>
- Bonds > 5 years: (+/-): perhaps better to focus on inflation risk?

#### The secret of a happy marriage? as shown at last year's Credo Conference



"It's not looks, nor intelligence, nor money...



# it's low expectations."



With the Fed exiting & the mess in Europe & collapsing commodities & the surging dollar & Ebola & Russian sanctions, things are pretty scary out there.

#### But the truth of the matter is, for your portfolio, none of these are the canary in the coal mine, YOU are.

Having a **<u>plan</u>** is the only thing we can control:

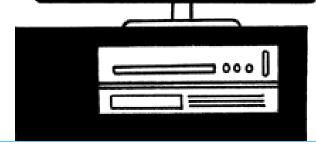
- If you are a trader, trade,
- if you are a buyer & holder, hold,
- *if you have a diversified portfolio, rebalance.*

Michael Batnick, Ritholtz Wealth Management, 14 Oct. 2014

#### Lots of pessimists out there...









# We remain optimistic about the long term





# We remain optimistic about the long term



"Optimistic people play a disproportionate role in shaping our lives.

Their decisions make a difference;

They are inventors, entrepreneurs, political and military leaders – not average people. They got to where they are **by** seeking challenges and **taking risks**." Daniel Kahneman



Look to the long term quoting Warren Buffett (again)



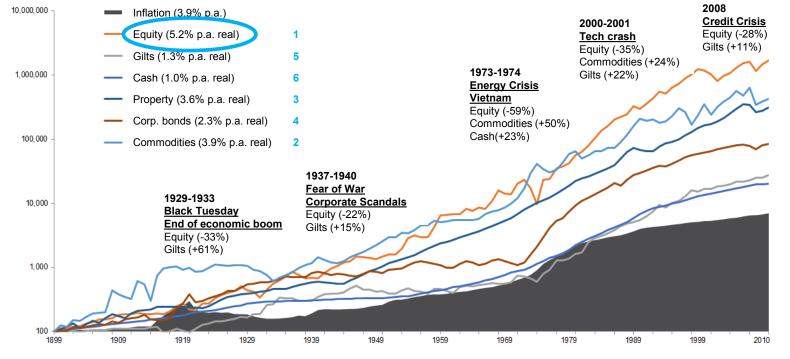
Over the long term, the stock market news will be good.

In the 20th century, the United States endured **two world wars** and other traumatic and expensive **military conflicts**; the **Depression**; a dozen or so **recessions** and **financial panics**; **oil shocks**; a flu **epidemic** & the resignation of a **disgraced president**.

# Yet the Dow rose from 66 to 11,497.

#### Keeping calm, carrying on... ...in the real world



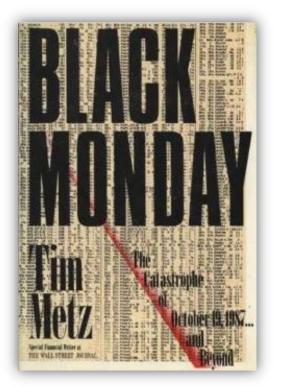


Source: AIM, Barclays Capital, Deutsche Bank, Case Shiller.

# Remember October 1987?



1	19 Oct. 1987	-22.6%
2	28 Oct. 1929	-12.8%
3	18 Dec.1899	-12.0%
4	29 Oct. 1929	-11.7%
5	6 Nov. 1929	-9.9%
6	12 Aug. 1932	-8.4%
7	14 Mar. 1907	-8.3%
8	26 Oct. 1987	-8.0%
9	15 Oct. 2008	-7.9%
10	21 Jul. 1933	-7.8%
11	18 Oct. 1937	-7.8%
12	1 Dec. 2008	-7.7%
13	9 Oct. 2008	-7.3%
14	1 Feb. 1917	-7.2%
15	27 Oct. 1997	-7.2%
16	5 Oct. 1932	-7.1%



## Remember October 1987?



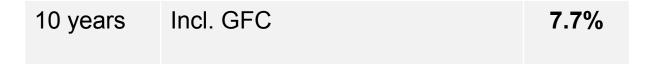


# **S&P long term compound returns** (to 3 June 2015, nominal)



#### S&P long term compound returns (to 3 June 2015, nominal)





Source: Joshua M Brown

#### S&P long term compound returns (to 3 June 2015, nominal)



10 years	Incl. GFC	7.7%
20 years	Incl. GFC, tech bubble bursting	9.9%

Source: Joshua M Brown

#### S&P long term compound returns (to 3 June 2015, nominal)



10 years	Incl. GFC	7.7%
20 years	Incl. GFC, tech bubble bursting	9.9%
30 years	Incl. GFC, tech bubble bursting, Oct. 87	11.3%

Source: Joshua M Brown

# By all means follow a cautious approach...





# But do not take all risk off the table!





# But do not take all risk off the table!





Finally...



# **#ThankYou**



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